

تعداد سؤالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: —

زمان آزمون: تستی: ۹۰ تشریحی: ۹۰ دقیقه

آزمون نمره منفی دارد ○ ندارد ⊗

نام درس: زبان خارجی (۲)

رشته تحصیلی و کد درس: علوم اقتصادی

۱۴۱۳۰۶

مجاز است.

استفاده از: —

کد سری سؤال: یک (۱)

امام علی<sup>(ع)</sup>: برتری مردم به یکدیگر، به دانش‌ها و خردهاست؛ نه به ثروت‌ها و تبارها.

**Directions: Choose the best choice (a, b, c or d) and mark it on your answer sheet.**

- Scarcity is ..... and is central to economic problems.  
 a. inevitable                      b. unlimited                      c. tangible                      d. inadequate
- Opportunity costs are measured in terms of ..... alternatives.  
 a. earned                      b. foregone                      c. isolated                      d. devoted
- The land is so ..... that one can scarcely cultivate in it.  
 a. deserted                      b. emerged                      c. unexploited                      d. intervened
- The new distributor achieved large and ..... unexpected economics of scale.  
 a. luscious                      b. sheer                      c. meek                      d. hitherto
- The distribution of natural resources are ..... throughout the world.  
 a. unacquainted                      b. innumerable                      c. undue                      d. uneven
- He had to decide how many of his hours should be devoted to rest and .....  
 a. pace                      b. pasture                      c. leisure                      d. accessory
- The principle of ..... states that taxes should be allocated in such a manner that the burden imposed on each tax-payer be equal to that imposed on every other tax- payers.  
 a. equal- sacrifice                      b. comparative- sacrifice  
 c. marginal- sacrifice                      d. just- sacrifice
- Specialization has proven extraordinary efficient compared with ..... because it permits each individual to do the job best suitable for him or her.  
 a. transition                      b. self-sufficiency                      c. scarcity                      d. division of labor



استان:

کارشناسی (سنتی)

نیمسال اول ۸۸-۸۹

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9. The economist analyzes the effects of a proposed policy which may identify goal ..... .
- a. activities                      b. curiosities                      c. conflicts                      d. setbacks
10. Money makes it unnecessary for there to be a 'double ..... of wants' in exchange.
- a. rationing                      b. consensus                      c. allotment                      d. coincidence
11. Oil is an .....wealth and over-consumption of it is not justified.
- a. economic                      b. insured                      c. influential                      d. exhaustible
12. Since the price of bonds ..... it makes it preferable over money.
- a. synchronizes                      b. incurs                      c. fluctuates                      d. conducts
13. .... (early 1980s) promised an easy way out of the economic mess of the time, by cutting taxes.
- a. Keynesian economics                      b. Supply-side economics
- c. Monetarism                      d. Modigliani
14. Although the Philips curve is a useful tool, ..... appeared due to the high infliction and high unemployment in the early 70's.
- a. skepticism                      b. recession                      c. fluctuation                      d. expansion
15. One of the tenets of monetarism is that the major fluctuations of the economy are as a result of ..... .
- a. private sector                      b. government actions                      c. inflation                      d. unemployment
16. The term deflation refers to a ..... fall in the general price level.
- a. sustained                      b. discount                      c. measured                      d. achieved
17. Supply ..... can reduce output and raise prices, as was the case in the seventies when the price of oil increased sharply.
- a. pressures                      b. disturbances                      c. contributions                      d. conventions

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کد سری سؤال: یک (۱)

18. The price net of ..... which is the amount received by the factors of production that manufactured the good is called the factor cost.

- a. direct subsidies      b. direct taxes      c. indirect taxes      d. indirect subsidies

19. Some ..... rich people have endowed schools and hospitals for general public.

- a. intuitive      b. autonomous      c. tremendous      d. benevolent

20. The rate of change in employment will be greater whenever non-labor inputs are more ..... for labor inputs in spite of real wage growth.

- a. agricultural      b. industrial      c. cyclical      d. substitutable

21. The concept of 'union power' is indeed a rather ..... one as the aims of unions vary to their economic and political content.

- a. casual      b. traditional      c. slippery      d. radical

22. Which item is the dominant form of industrial unrest?

- a. go-slow      b. strike      c. overtime embargo      d. work-to-rule

23. Employees who voluntarily leave their current employment either to change jobs or to leave the labor force are called .....

- a. quitters      b. contractors      c. fixers      d. multipliers

24. High wages can increase the quality of applicants thereby reducing ..... costs.

- a. screening      b. turnover      c. nutritional      d. shirking

25. As the economic recession continued, many firms were forced into .....

- a. insolvency      b. disbursement      c. circularity      d. uncertain

26. In referring to the demand for money, it is important to distinguish real from ..... values.

- a. bond      b. cash      c. quantity      d. nominal

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27. A(n) ..... nation is a nation which has been a net borrower from other countries.

- a. indebted                      b. debit                      c. debtor                      d. debt

28. A relationship between ..... and changes in the unemployment rates is known as Okun's law.

- a. real growth                      b. inflation                      c. aggregate demand                      d. aggregate supply

29. Some businesses are only ..... in private.

- a. profited                      b. transacted                      c. hired                      d. accounted

30. An economy experiences periods of prosperity and depression, or boom and ..... .

- a. depreciation                      b. deficit                      c. bankruptcy                      d. bust